

Free Port Cage Sentinel

VOL. 15—No. 31.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1855.

WHOLE NO. 110

—THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITORIAL PUBLISHER.

OFFICE—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun
streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser's.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars

Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three

Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper or periodical or advances are paid up

at the end of the year.

Advertisers are asked One Dollar per Square of

Two Lines for the first two weeks, and half

that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by

the year.

Job Printing

Executed with neatness, accuracy,

most reasonably low.

LIFE INSURANCE.

U. S. Life Insurance Company &

Trust Company of Philadelphia.

OFFICES—9, corner Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia.

6 Nassau street, New York.

14 Nassau street, Boston.

14 Congress street, Boston.

53 Third Street, Cincinnati.

Assets held for Losses, Jan. 1, 1853,

\$306,029.004.

The City System, the only safe, sound and sensible

method of life insurance, has resulted in the most substantial

successes of the kind.

CHURCH BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

John J. Tarter, President.

Riley Bunting, John W. Dickey,

W. M. Gandy, John Gandy,

James Mathews, Robert Mathews,

A. T. Tarter, John Tarter,

W. H. Tarter, Secretary.

W. H. B. BAYLOR,

Assistant Post Master.

Aug. 27th, 1853.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co.

of New York.

Trinity Building, 115 Broadway.

Not accumulating Cash Policy, July 31st, 1853,

\$2,292,862.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital and Surplus, over \$100,000.

For information, Agent, or

any other purpose, call on

John H. Edgerton, Jr.,

Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853.

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the

Etina Insurance Company

of Hartford, Connecticut,

3 prepared to issue policies on the most favorable

terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of \$100,000, all

paid in and well invested, and is the most

responsible Company in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,

Fort Wayne, Oct. 20, 1853.

Protective

Fair & Marine Insurance Company

of Hartford, Connecticut.

Capital Stock, \$100,000.

The Leader of the First Presbyterian Church will give a SUPPER on Thursday Evening, Feb. 8th, at Colerick's Hall, Admission Ten cents, Supper Twenty-five cents.

The Legislature.—Through the failure of the mail, or from some other cause, we have not received any Indianapolis papers this week, and consequently cannot give any legislative news.

We hear a rumor that the small-pox has appeared in Indianapolis, creating much alarm among our Solons, and that an early adjournment or regular stampede of the members is by no means improbable.

The friends in the Legislature have held a caucus, and nominated Mr. Brown of New Albany for State Agent, and Mr. Chapman son of J.P. Chapman of the Republican (late Chase) ticket.

The friend Oakley had some hopes that he would have been selected for State Agent, but he has been outvoted, and must wait some other opportunity. If he succeeds in my office dependent on the Legislature, he had better remove further south. No man, however meritorious, living as far north as Fort Wayne, has any chance at Indianapolis.

Fusion and Confusion.

The mongrel, mixed, conglomeration of factious men, easily overthrow the democracy of the State is getting into a handful of state confusion and soon resolve itself into its original discordant elements. A bitter quarrel is going on in relation to the division of the spoils—

for even on pure and impartial a party as the one called *our* excellence the people will have some office seekers in its ranks.

Mr. Gregg, author of the New Albany Tribune, wished to be State Speaker—so did the freesoil editor of the State Journal; but both were unmercifully thrust aside by Mr. Chapman, because, in the division of spoils, a renegade democrat had to be there in order that *what* might be left.

The Iowa Senator.—The factious Senator said to have been elected in Iowa may not, after all, get his seat. The joint convention of the two Houses, when Harlan was elected, was held after the Senate had regularly adjourned, and the democratic Senators were not in attendance.

The Senate by a vote of 17 to 14, has passed a

resolution on setting forth that they did not go into

the joint convention with the House to elect a United States Senator, and declare the action of the joint convention "void, and no effect."

Capital of Iowa.—The Senate of Iowa has, by a vote of 17 to 12, passed a bill removing the seat of government from Iowa City to Fort des Moines. It is supposed, says the Dubuque Ex-press, that the House will also pass the bill.

Fractionalists Correspondence.

INDIANAPOLIS, January 22d, 1855,
T. T. Tamm, Editor of the *Sentinel*.

Dear Sir.—You will perceive from the Indianapolis paper that the Legislatures are carrying out their plan of the fusion party, and that the fusionists have got more than their share of the good things for which they contended, while the whigs, who have the remainder, are in a sorry state. The fusion party, entirely out of the fusion party, entirely out of all participation. The Journal of Indiana says, that the fusion will also pass the bill.

The eastern question has assumed an entire new phase. Prince Gorchakov has announced to the Austrian Government the Czar has received not only the five points of guarantee, but also the interpretation to them by the three powers.

Several heavy failures are reported. Among them are Savary Brothers, who went bankrupt, Notingham & Co., London. Large amounts in the new French loan continue to be taken up in England at a premium of 2 and 3 per cent.

The Russians have again invaded the Principalities. A disputed estate, Bradlow, Jan. 26, says the Russians have removed the Danube, and invaded the Danubian, and taken back Silistra and Balchik. Sudik Pasha defeated Sutschuk as far as possible.

The fire of the Allies continued very feeble, and caused scarcely any damage.

Suches was on the increase. The garrison were sent up to the 26th inst.

We have a despatch from Menschikoff, which says:

"Nothing can be secured. We continue to annoy the enemy by night actions. In one of these we made ten Zeppines prisoners."

The weather continues very inclement.

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The only petition I have received is one in regard to the change in the Act Incorporating Cities, so as to give the proper authority power to inflict such great punishment in place of imprisonment in the county jail.

I introduced the petition, and when it was introduced into the Senate, the friends of the fusion measures was in the minority, and it was only by uniting together that they found themselves in a majority.

The fusion party is divided, and they are quarreling and trying to overreach each other in the division.

The fusion party is divided into an early division. In that case where will the divided democratic party go to? Are they prepared to throw themselves into the arms of whig, abolitionists, or nativists? If not, had they not better at once absolve from their corrupt associates and return to the democratic fold? An U.S. Senator is to be elected, and it would certainly be better for the democratic fusionists in the Legislature to vote for Mr. Pettit, whom they know to be an honest, able and independent man, than for the candidate who is to be selected by them. Their fusion friends, Mr. Pettit is an anti-slavery democrat—and they mostly chime in the same. It is true, they may differ in opinion upon one point: but is it not better to sustain a man with whom they agree on all points save one, than it would be to vote for another with whom they only agree on one point, and whose views on all other subjects are entirely antagonistic?

We repeat, the fusion party is about disbanding. The democratic portion had better at once return to their old places in our ranks, and the first step vote for a democratic Senator.

GEORGE TAYLOR'S Lecture.—On Saturday evening last, was listened to with great attention by a large and highly intelligent audience. His subject was Japan, and he gave his hearers a vast amount of interesting information in relation to that hitherto unknown country and people. The appearance, manners, and characteristics of the Japanese were graphically described, and a parallel drawn between them and the Chinese—rather the two were contrasted—showing the Japanese to be superior, both physically and mentally, to their Chinese neighbors. He gave a highly favorable view of the Japanese, whom he considers an intelligent, ingenious, and enterprising race, whose energies are at present curbed and crushed by the despotic government under which they live, but who will eventually, when they come in familiar contact with the European and American, break the barriers now enclosing them, and act a conspicuous part in Asiatic history.

Com. Perry's labors to effect the object of his expedition and open a communication with Japan were also briefly alluded to, and a just and comical paroxysm of the noble and judicious manner in which that gallant officer discharged the delicate and difficult task entrusted to him.

On Monday evening he delivered another lecture.—On the Philosophy of Travel, which was, if possible, more interesting than the first. He described man as a travelling animal, tormented to know what the world is, and irresistibly impelled to rove to satisfy his longings and quench his thirst for knowledge. The world, he said, is more durable than the Latin and Greek of ordinary schools.

The advantages of foreign travel to nations as well as individuals were illustrated by comparisons between the progress of those nations who travelled and the listless apathy of those who have always confined themselves to home. The true objects of travel, its uses and advantages, and the proper mode of undertaking it, were each commented upon. A graphic and unusual sketch was given of the various classes of travellers, and their habits when abroad; together with much useful information and advice on the subject of travelling. It was throughout a most interesting lecture, and we regret our inability to do justice to it, or give our reader

such a synopsis of its contents as would enable him to appreciate its excellence.

Mr. Taylor is a pleasing and effective lecturer, avoiding every thing like oratorical display, and delivers himself in an easy colloquial style, in elegant and eloquent language. His voice and delivery are good, and without any appearance of effort, he was distinctly and clearly in every part of the large hall. He is one of the most popular lecturers of the day—and now that we have heard him we do not wonder at his popularity.

The drawing of the Cosmopolitan Art Association has been postponed until the 28th inst.

Mr. Smith, at the Telegraph Office, is Honorary Secretary for Fort Wayne, and will receive subscriptions until the 22d inst., when the ball will be closed.

The Standard continues good, with a fair prospect of more success. The farmers are taking advantage of the "good going," and are bringing a large amount of produce to market, giving our streets quite a lively and business-like appearance. While the young and gay are enjoying themselves to the utmost with sligh-tides, frolics and pleasure-pastimes.

This would be a favorable time for some of our friends to bring along "that wad" of which we are so fond, and have the pleasure of our friends. They do not seem to have thought of it, and will doubtless feel thankful for this gentle hint to remind them of their business.

Missouri.—No U. S. Senator yet. At the last ballot on Monday last, Atchison, dom. received 35 votes; Douglass, whig, 62; Benten, 37; senator 3. Old Bullion's nose is nearly run; he has no chance of ever again reaching a seat in the Senate. He has lost his power at home and has no influence abroad. He has outlived his fame and his usefulness, and ought to retire to private life.

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Report of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. SPEAKER.—The Judiciary Committee to whom was referred the petition of Charles White, Mayor, and others, in reference to the necessity of law governing our cities, that it might be punishment for the commission of crimes in the County of Elkhart & for the protection of cities in general.

Mr. GOODRICH, of Elkhart, moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

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and the *Indians* the *Indians* say the result would be beneficial, if the United States would take part in it.

Bavaria had almost completed her war against the army. Letters say that Sweden had concluded a peace with the army.

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Piano Forte & Waterworks
C. H. HILL, having several rooms for the sale of
Piano Fortes,
and other
Musical Instruments.
Willingly at the public that he is the genuine
Supplier of the famous & Gair's celebrated Pianos
and without the
PIANO ATTACHMENT.
This attachment combines more richness and beauty than was ever before attained in the Piano Forte. It requires the qualities of clear brilliancy and delicate tone, which distinguish the
best and approved solvents, like the clavichord, clavilatant
Solen.

Messrs. Brandt & Gair's Piano, besides their
other excellencies, are warranted to last of great
durability and won't longer than any other made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of
Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.
Also Violin and Guitars or Strings. In fact, almost every
thing in the music line.

He is also expecting a shipment of Stoddart's
new Piano Forte.

250 Books DEDICATED to Books by
J. W. TOWNSLEY & Co.

CHICAGO CIGARS always on hand
in City Drug Stores. J. W. & Co.

Book Bindery!

C. L. HILL, would respectfully inform the public
that he has established a Book Bindery, at
the Hill's Building, State Street, which is prepared
to do all kinds of binding in the above branch
of the book business. His machinery is all
second of the most approved kinds.

He is prepared to furnish BLANK BOOKS for
any purpose, at any price.

He will furnish a view of any establishment
and will furnish a view of any establishment
of the same.

Persons buying Manuscripts, &c., can have them
bound in their pattern, and are requested to have them
done.

MARGARET Floor Old Cloth, and Straw Matting,
at old No. 3.

GROCERIES. By the grocer, old No. 3.

36 Higbush's CIGAR, by the grocer, old No. 3.
20 lbs. Mincemeat.
20 lbs. Nuts.
20 lbs. Raisins.
5 lbs. Raisins.
5 lbs. Raisins.
and a general assortment of Family Groceries.

A. C. ORFF.

STONWARE—10,000 Gallons, all sizes.

J. C. ORFF.

CHASER BAGS and SATCHETS, all qualities
and prices.

J. C. ORFF.

Hats—Fall Fashion—for 1851!

250 NEW YORK FALL
FASHION HATS now on hand
at the Hill's Building, State Street, the
Hill's west of Wall & Meyer's Drug
Store.

JOHN THOMPSON, Tailor, 1851.

JAMES CHENEY,
Banking and Exchange Office,
Cathedral Building, north of State House,
PORT WAYNE, IND.

REFERENCES:

A. P. BRADING, 41 Beaver Street, N. Y.;
M. L. FISHER, Cuyahoga State Bank, Toledo, O.;
D. G. HARRIS, 100 W. 23rd Street, N. Y.;
W. A. SMITH, Louisville, Ind.

Exclusion on New York old, at reasonable rates.

Collections promptly attended to—Interest
allowed on time deposits, 5 per cent.

Woolen Shirts.

300 NEW SHAWL Long and Square, from
the Hill's Building, State and Water Streets,
and a line of Mincemeat, Nuts, Raisins,
and a general assortment of Family Groceries.
W. M. T. ABBOTT.

Plain Drapery.

1500 NEW PLAIN DRAPERY for one dollar
a yard may be found at the Hill's Building,
W. M. T. ABBOTT.

Cheap Linens.

A MOTHERER of four—THREE LINENS, else-
where for more, just opened at 65 Columbia Street,
St. 12th & 53d.

W. M. T. ABBOTT.

Black and Fancy Dye Skins.

A LARGE assortment of German and Fancy Dye
Skins, and a quantity of fine leather, at
old No. 3.

W. M. T. ABBOTT.

Embroidered Curtains.

500 NEW HIGH CURTAIN MUSLIN just re-
ceived, to be sold by the yard.

W. M. T. ABBOTT.

Wide Silk Velvets.

1000 YARDS of the best quality, and every
color in the market, for sale at old No. 3.

W. M. T. ABBOTT.

Ready Made Taffetas.

1000 YARDS of the best quality, just re-
ceived, to be sold by the yard.

W. M. T. ABBOTT.

Ladies' Cloths.

1000 YARDS of the best quality, just re-
ceived, to be sold by the yard.

W. M. T. ABBOTT.

All Wool Delaines.

500 POUNDS of the best quality, just re-
ceived, to be sold by the pound.

W. M. T. ABBOTT.

JUSTICE'S DOCKETS.

C. L. HILL, would respectfully inform the Justices
of the Peace of Allen and surrounding counties
that he has just manufactured a large lot of Docket
books, which under the new Law, will be required
to procure. Each Docket is firmly bound
and numbered, together with name of Township &
County.

W. H. TOWNSLEY & Co.

Provision Agency Store,

Next door East of No. 3, Jones Block,
PORT WAYNE, IND.

W. H. TOWNSLEY has established himself in the
grocery business, and is prepared to furnish all
kinds of Provisions.

White Fish, Trout.

Pickell, Bass, Bay Fish, Cat Fish,
and Shad.

At the same or less Toledo price.

W. H. TOWNSLEY has established himself in the
grocery business, and is prepared to furnish all
kinds of Provisions.

All business intended to with promptness and
diligence.

W. H. TOWNSLEY, Jr.

March 10, 1851.

Groceries, Wholesale and Retail.

JUST received at the Farmers' Depot, and for
sale, wholesale or retail, at the following rates:

20 lbs. Molasses, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

15 lbs. Molasses, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

10 lbs. Vinegar, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

5 lbs. Wine, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

20 lbs. Raisins, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

15 lbs. Raisins, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

10 lbs. Raisins, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

5 lbs. Raisins, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

4 lbs. Raisins, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

2 lbs. Raisins, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
hhd.

1 lbs. Raisins, \$1.00 per barrel, \$1.25 per
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